

# RC circuit

## 1 Problem

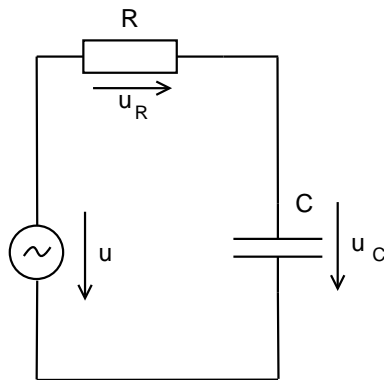


Figure 1:

$$\begin{aligned} u &= \sin(\omega t) \\ u'_C &= \frac{i}{C} \Rightarrow i = u'_C C \end{aligned}$$

$$u = u_C + Ri = u_C + u'_C RC$$

$$u'_C = \frac{1}{RC}u - \frac{1}{RC}u_C, \quad a = \frac{1}{RC}$$

$$u'_C + au_C = au, \quad u_C(0) = 0 \tag{1}$$

### 1.1 Analytic solution

Finding solution of homogenous differential equation

$$u'_C + au_C = 0$$

that leads to **characteristic equation**

$$\begin{aligned}\lambda + a &= 0 \\ \lambda &= -a\end{aligned}$$

General solution of homogenous differential equation

$$u_C = K(t)e^{\lambda t} + u_{Cp}$$

solving particular integral (right-hand side of Eq. 1 - function  $\sin(\omega t)$  )

$$\begin{aligned}u_{Cp} &= A \sin(\omega t) + B \cos(\omega t) \\ u'_{Cp} &= A\omega \cos(\omega t) - B\omega \sin(\omega t)\end{aligned}$$

We substitute  $u_{Cp}$  a  $u'_{Cp}$  into Eq. (1)

$$A\omega \cos(\omega t) - B\omega \sin(\omega t) + Aa \sin(\omega t) + Ba \cos(\omega t) = a \sin(\omega t)$$

$$\begin{aligned}A\omega + Ba &= 0 \\ Aa - B\omega &= a\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}A &= \frac{a^2}{a^2 + \omega^2} \\ B &= -\frac{a\omega}{a^2 + \omega^2}\end{aligned}$$

**General solution** of non-homogenous differential Eq. (1)

$$u_C = K(t)e^{-at} - \frac{a\omega}{a^2 + \omega^2} \cos(\omega t) + \frac{a^2}{a^2 + \omega^2} \sin(\omega t)$$

Substituting initial value  $u_C(0) = 0$  we have **particular solution**

$$u_C = \frac{a\omega}{a^2 + \omega^2} e^{-at} - \frac{a\omega}{a^2 + \omega^2} \cos(\omega t) + \frac{a^2}{a^2 + \omega^2} \sin(\omega t) \quad (2)$$

## 1.2 Homework

Find analytic solution of  $u_C$  for RC circuit with  $u = \sin(\omega t)$ , where  $\omega = 1$  rad/s. Compare analytic solution with numerical computation of differential equation  $u'_C$  in TKSL